



City of Live Oak
Compliance Evaluation Findings Report
#23-1571
July 9, 2026



Report Summary

California Code of Regulations, Title 14, Division 7, Chapter 12 - Short-Lived Climate Pollutants

Article 3: Organic Waste Collection Services

Compliant

Noncompliant

Section 18984.1. Three-Container
Organic Waste Collection Services

None

Section 18984.4. Recordkeeping
Requirements for Compliance with
Organic Waste Collection Services

Section 18984.5. Container
Contamination Minimization

Section 18984.6. Recordkeeping
Requirements for Container
Contamination Minimization

Section 18984.7. Container Color
Requirements

Section 18984.8. Container Label
Requirements

Section 18984.11. Waivers Granted by a
Jurisdiction

Section 18984.14. Recordkeeping
Requirements for Waivers and
Exemptions

Article 4: Education and Outreach

Compliant

Noncompliant

Section 18985.1. Organic Waste
Recovery Education and Outreach

None

Section 18985.2. Edible Food Recovery
Education and Outreach

Section 18985.3. Recordkeeping
Requirements for a Jurisdiction's
Compliance with Education and Outreach
Requirements

Article 7: Regulation of Haulers

Compliant

Noncompliant

Section 18988.1. Jurisdiction Approval of
Haulers and Self-Haulers

None

Section 18988.4. Recordkeeping
Requirements for Compliance with
Jurisdiction Hauler Program

Article 8: CALGreen Building Standards and Model Water Efficient Landscape Ordinance

Compliant

Noncompliant

Section 18989.1. CALGreen Building
Codes

None

Section 18989.2. Model Water Efficient
Landscape Ordinance

Article 9: Locally Adopted Standards and Policies

Compliant

Noncompliant

Section 18990.1. Organic Waste
Recovery Standards and Policies

None

Section 18990.2. Edible Food Recovery
Standards and Policies

Article 10: Jurisdiction Edible Food Recovery Programs, Food Generators, and Food Recovery

Compliant

Noncompliant

Section 18991.1. Jurisdiction Edible Food Recovery Program None

Section 18991.2. Recordkeeping Requirements for Jurisdiction Edible Food Recovery Program

Article 11: Organic Waste Recycling Capacity Planning

Compliant

Noncompliant

Section 18992.1. Organic Waste Recycling Capacity Planning None

Section 18992.2. Edible Food Recovery Capacity

Article 12: Procurement of Recovered Organic Waste Products

Compliant

Noncompliant

Section 18993.1. Recovered Organic Waste Product Procurement Target None

Section 18993.2. Recordkeeping Requirements for Recovered Organic Waste Procurement Target

Section 18993.3. Recycled Content Paper Procurement Requirements

Section 18993.4. Recordkeeping Requirements for Recycled Content Paper Procurement

Article 13: Reporting

Compliant

Noncompliant

Section 18994.1. Initial Jurisdiction Compliance Report None

Section 18994.2. Jurisdiction Annual Reporting

Article 14: Enforcement Requirements

Compliant

Noncompliant

Section 18995.1. Jurisdiction Inspection Requirements

None

Section 18995.2. Implementation Record and Recordkeeping Requirements

Section 18995.3. Jurisdiction Investigation of Complaints of Alleged Violations

Article 16: Administrative Civil Penalties

Compliant

Noncompliant

Section 18997.1. Scope

None

Public Resources Code, Division 30, Part 3, Chapters 12.8 and 12.9

Mandatory Commercial Organics Recycling

The City of Live Oak is fully implementing a Mandatory Commercial Organics Recycling program.

Mandatory Commercial Recycling

The City of Live Oak is fully implementing a Mandatory Commercial Recycling program.

Public Resources Code, Division 30, Part 2

Source Reduction and Recycling Element

The City of Live Oak is implementing a Residential Diversion program, Commercial Diversion program, Construction and Demolition Debris program, Education and Outreach program, and Recycled Content Procurement program.

Household Hazardous Waste Element

The City of Live Oak is implementing a Household Hazardous Waste Element program.

Overview

Review Process

The Department of Resources Recycling and Recovery's (CalRecycle) Jurisdiction and Agency Compliance and Enforcement Branch (JACE) is required to conduct a compliance evaluation [California Public Resources Code (PRC) Section 41821(h) and Title 14 of the California Code of Regulations (14 CCR) Section 18996.1] of the City Live Oak's (Jurisdiction) implementation of and compliance with:

- Short-Lived Climate Pollutants (SLCP) (14 CCR sections 18981.1 through 18998.4).
- Mandatory Commercial Organics Recycling (MORe) (PRC sections 42649.8 through 42649.87).
- Mandatory Commercial Recycling (MCR) (PRC sections 42649 through 42649.7 and 14 CCR sections 18835 through 18839).
- Source Reduction and Recycling Element (SRRE) (PRC sections 41000 through 41460).
- Household Hazardous Waste Element (HHWE) (PRC sections 41500 through 41516).

JACE's compliance evaluation reviewed the Jurisdiction's waste diversion program implementation, using available information from the Jurisdiction's Implementation Record, Electronic Annual Report (EAR), CalRecycle databases, and communications between CalRecycle and the Jurisdiction. The compliance evaluation included, but was not limited to:

- Communications with the Jurisdiction (phone calls, emails, and letters) to learn about the community and program implementation efforts.
- Field evaluations of the Jurisdiction's residential, commercial, edible food, and procurement programs.
- Observing and evaluating the Jurisdiction's waste, recycling, and organics loads at respective facilities.

JACE did not evaluate SLCP requirements that became effective on January 1, 2024, as the compliance evaluation was for the years prior to the date that the requirements became effective. These requirements include inspections of Tier Two commercial edible food generators [14 CCR Section 18995.1(a)(2)] and enforcement actions [14 CCR sections 18995.1(a)(5) and 18995.4].

Communication and Compliance Evaluation Timeline

The Jurisdiction was notified on April 3, 2023, by letter (Attachment 1) that a compliance evaluation would be conducted by JACE to determine the status of the Jurisdiction's implementation of programs designed to divert organics and edible food from landfills.

- On April 17, 2023, JACE sent a letter (Attachment 2) to request access to the Jurisdiction's Implementation Record by May 1, 2023.
- On April 21, 2023, JACE staff accessed the Implementation Record.

- On June 17, 2024, and January 22 – 23, 2025, JACE staff conducted field visits. JACE staff observed residential containers in the neighborhoods on Musgrave Avenue and Collier Avenue, south of Pennington Road. JACE staff also observed commercial containers at businesses west of Larkin Road and observed residential and commercial waste loads from gray, blue and green containers. JACE staff's field visit photo report (Attachment 3) shows examples of observations.
- On December 1, 2025, JACE staff sent the draft compliance evaluation findings report to the Jurisdiction.
- On December 18, 2025, the Jurisdiction provided additional information regarding program implementation.
- Additional communications and other interactions that took place with the Jurisdiction throughout the compliance evaluation, which included phone calls, email messages, site visits, and meetings.

Existing Jurisdiction Conditions

The City of Live Oak is in Sutter County. According to the 2020 U.S. Census, the Jurisdiction encompasses 2.5 square miles. The Jurisdiction has an estimated population of 9,658 (California Department of Finance, 2025).

Per PRC section 40970 et seq., cities and counties are authorized to form “regional agencies.” Regional agencies are allowed to report program information and disposal numbers as one entity instead of by jurisdiction.

The City of Live Oak is a member of the Yuba/Sutter Regional Waste Management Authority (RWMA) which was formed in 1995. In 1995, a regional agency agreement was adopted to form the RWMA, to address the reporting requirements of the Integrated Waste Management Act. The RWMA includes the following jurisdictions:

- City of Live Oak
- City of Marysville
- Sutter – Unincorporated
- City of Wheatland
- City of Yuba City
- Yuba – Unincorporated

According to the RWMA's base year history (2004), 21 percent of the RWMA's total waste generation is from the residential waste stream and 79 percent from the non-residential waste stream.

Summary of Jurisdiction's Solid Waste Infrastructure and Materials Flow

The RWMA website, Recology Yuba/Sutter website, Jurisdiction interviews, and the Jurisdiction's Implementation Record were used to determine that the Jurisdiction has one (1) approved hauler, Recology Yuba/Sutter. The hauler collects gray, blue, and

green container waste for all residential and commercial generators.

Materials collected in the Jurisdiction are first taken to one (1) of two (2) facilities:

1. Recology Yuba/Sutter Transfer Station & Material Recovery Facility (MRF)
2. Recology Ostrom Road Landfill and Recology Organics (composting facility)

Gray container waste picked up by the hauler is taken to Recology Ostrom Road Landfill.

Blue container waste picked up by the hauler is taken to Recology Yuba/Sutter Transfer Station & MRF.

Green container waste picked up by the hauler is taken to Recology Organics (composting facility).

Residential and commercial generators may self-haul materials for recycling and disposal. Self-haulers may drop off all material types at Recology Yuba/Sutter Transfer Station & MRF where the materials are sorted and transported for recycling, composting, or landfilling.

The Jurisdiction does not provide mixed waste organic collection and reported that it does not use a High Diversion Organic Waste Processing Facility (HDOWPF).

Short-Lived Climate Pollutants (SLCP) Regulation Evaluation

General Provisions

14 CCR Section 18981.2. Implementation Requirement on Jurisdictions

See Table 1 below for specific information on ordinances, enforceable mechanisms, and other requirements.

Table 1

Program Requirements	Findings
Adopted enforceable ordinance(s) or mechanism(s) to mandate compliance with SLCP requirements. [18981.2(a)]	See details in the Articles below regarding enforceable ordinances or mechanisms to mandate compliance with SLCP requirements.

Designations of responsibilities made through contracts or agreements. [18981.2(b)]	The Jurisdiction provided evidence demonstrating that responsibilities are designated through contracts and agreements.
Civil penalties not designated to a private entity. [18981.2(d)]	The Jurisdiction provided evidence demonstrating that civil penalties are not designated to a private entity.
Copies of designee agreements and contracts included in the Implementation Record. [18981.2(e)]	The Jurisdiction provided evidence of designee agreements and contracts.

Article 3: Organic Waste Collection Services

14 CCR Section 18984.1. Three-Container Organic Waste Collection Services

Finding: Compliant

The Jurisdiction has fully implemented a three-container collection service for both residential and commercial generators. The Jurisdiction provided evidence that 2,373 residential generators and 99 commercial generators are subscribed to a three-container collection service. The Jurisdiction provided evidence that zero (0) commercial generators were deemed noncompliant with collection service requirements.

14 CCR Section 18984.4. Recordkeeping Requirements for Compliance with Organic Waste Collection Services

Finding: Compliant

The Jurisdiction's Implementation Record contains all records required by 14 CCR Section 18984.4.

14 CCR Section 18984.5. Container Contamination Minimization

Finding: Compliant

The Jurisdiction provided evidence demonstrating compliance with 14 CCR Section 18984.5.

The Jurisdiction reported conducting route reviews for all hauler routes. Recology Yuba/Sutter uses "Oops" tags and sends a notification letter to the generator explaining the identified container contamination.

14 CCR Section 18984.6. Recordkeeping Requirements for Container Contamination Minimization

Finding: Compliant

The Jurisdiction's Implementation Record contains all records required by 14 CCR Section 18984.6.

14 CCR Section 18984.7. Container Color Requirements

Finding: Compliant

The Jurisdiction provides new containers that meet the container color requirements. JACE staff observed new containers distributed to generators that meet the color container requirements.

14 CCR Section 18984.8. Container Labeling Requirements

Finding: Compliant

The Jurisdiction provides new containers that meet the container labeling requirements. JACE staff observed new containers distributed to generators that meet the container labeling requirements.

14 CCR Section 18984.11. Waivers Granted by a Jurisdiction

Finding: Compliant

The Jurisdiction's Implementation Record contains a written description of how waivers will be issued and validated.

The Jurisdiction reported issuing 34 de minimis waivers. The Jurisdiction allows for physical space waivers to be issued, but no physical space waivers have been issued to date.

14 CCR Section 18984.13. Emergency Circumstances, Abatement, Quarantined Materials and Federally Regulated Waste

Finding: Not Applicable

The Jurisdiction has not reported equipment or operational failure, sediment debris disposal, homeless encampment or illegal disposal cleanup, or quarantined organic waste that was disposed of which would require documentation.

14 CCR Section 18984.14. Recordkeeping Requirements for Waivers and Exemptions

Finding: Compliant

The Jurisdiction's Implementation Record contains all records required by 14 CCR Section 18984.14.

Article 3 Electronic Annual Report Findings

The Jurisdiction reported in the 2023 EAR that a three-container collection service is provided to residential and commercial generators. The Jurisdiction reported 81 route reviews were conducted. The Jurisdiction reported 34 de minimis waivers were issued.

Article 4: Education and Outreach

14 CCR Section 18985.1. Organic Waste Recovery Education and Outreach

Finding: Compliant

The Jurisdiction has provided evidence demonstrating compliance with organic waste recovery education and outreach requirements.

14 CCR Section 18985.2. Edible Food Recovery Education and Outreach

Finding: Compliant

The Jurisdiction provided evidence demonstrating compliance with edible food recovery education and outreach requirements.

14 CCR Section 18985.3. Recordkeeping Requirements for a Jurisdiction's Compliance with Education and Outreach Requirements

Finding: Compliant

The Jurisdiction's Implementation Record contains all records required by 14 CCR Section 18985.3.

Article 4: Electronic Annual Report Findings

In the 2023 EAR, the Jurisdiction reported that 2,480 generators received printed SLCP educational material, 2,480 generators received electronic SLCP educational material, and 35 generators received SLCP educational material via direct contact. Additionally, it was reported that five (5) commercial edible food generators received print and electronic educational materials.

Article 7: Regulation of Haulers

14 CCR Section 18988.1. Jurisdiction Approval of Haulers and Self-Haulers

Finding: Compliant

The Jurisdiction adopted the Yuba/Sutter RWMA Mandatory Organic Waste Disposal Reduction Ordinance with specific requirements for haulers to adhere to the requirements of 14 CCR Section 18988.1. Requirements for haulers and self-haulers are found in the ordinance (Section 9. Requirements for Haulers and Facility Operators, and Section 10. Requirements for Self-Haulers).

14 CCR Section 18988.4. Recordkeeping Requirements for Compliance with Jurisdiction Hauler Program

Finding: Compliant

The Jurisdiction's Implementation Record contains all records required by 14 CCR Section 18988.4.

Article 7: Electronic Annual Report Findings

In the 2023 EAR, the Jurisdiction reported that one (1) hauler is approved to collect organic waste.

Article 8: CALGreen Building Standards and Model Water Efficient Landscape Ordinance

14 CCR Section 18989.1. CALGreen Building Codes

Finding: Compliant

A CALGreen ordinance was adopted and provided by the Jurisdiction.

14 CCR Section 18989.2. Model Water Efficient Landscape Ordinance

Finding: Compliant

A Model Water Efficient Landscape Ordinance (MWELo) was adopted and provided by the Jurisdiction.

Article 8 Electronic Annual Report Findings

In the 2023 EAR, the Jurisdiction reported zero (0) MWELo projects and zero (0) CALGreen activities.

Article 9: Locally Adopted Standards and Policies

14 CCR Section 18990.1. Organic Waste Recovery Standards and Policies

Finding: Compliant

No ordinance, policy, procedure, permit condition, or initiative that includes provisions listed in Section 18990.1(b)(1) – (5) were discovered during the evaluation.

14 CCR Section 18990.2. Edible Food Recovery Standards and Policies

Finding: Compliant

No ordinance, policy, or procedure that prohibits the ability of a generator, food recovery organization, or food recovery service to recover edible food that could be recovered for human consumption were discovered during the evaluation.

Article 10: Jurisdiction Edible Food Recovery Programs, Food Generators, and Food Recovery

14 CCR Section 18991.1. Jurisdiction Edible Food Recovery Program

Finding: Compliant

The Jurisdiction provided evidence to support that an edible food recovery ordinance has been adopted, and a program is being implemented.

14 CCR Section 18991.2. Recordkeeping Requirements for Jurisdiction Edible Food Recovery Program

Finding: Compliant

The Jurisdiction's Implementation Record contains all records required by 14 CCR Section 18991.2.

Article 10 Electronic Annual Report Findings

In the 2023 EAR, the Jurisdiction reported five (5) commercial edible food generators. The Jurisdiction reported having zero (0) food recovery organizations or services located within the Jurisdiction. The Jurisdiction works with the Yuba/Sutter Food Bank which is based in Yuba City and serves the commercial food generators in the Jurisdiction.

Article 11: Organic Waste Recycling Capacity Planning

14 CCR Section 18992.1. Organic Waste Recycling Capacity Planning

Finding: Compliant

The Jurisdiction is part of Yuba and Sutter counties' organic waste recycling capacity planning and was not identified as needing to submit an implementation schedule. For the 2022 – 2024 capacity planning cycle, Yuba and Sutter counties coordinated on capacity planning and reporting.

14 CCR Section 18992.2. Edible Food Recovery Capacity

Finding: Compliant

The Jurisdiction is part of Yuba and Sutter counties' edible food recovery capacity planning and was not identified as needing to submit an implementation schedule. For the 2022 – 2024 capacity planning cycle, Yuba and Sutter counties coordinated on capacity planning and reporting.

14 CCR Section 18992.3. Schedule for Reporting

Finding: Not Applicable

The Jurisdiction did not need to submit an implementation schedule.

Article 11 County Capacity Planning Report

The Jurisdiction was not identified in Yuba and Sutter counties' joint 2022 – 2024 Capacity Planning report as needing to submit an implementation schedule to CalRecycle.

Article 12: Procurement of Recovered Organic Waste Products

14 CCR Section 18993.1. Recovered Organic Waste Product Procurement Target

Finding: Compliant

The Jurisdiction met its Recovered Organic Waste Product (ROWP) procurement target. The Jurisdiction has a procurement target of 749 ROWP tons. The Jurisdiction provided evidence of procuring 749 ROWP tons in 2025.

14 CCR Section 18993.2. Recordkeeping Requirements for Recovered Organic Waste Procurement Target

Finding: Compliant

The Jurisdiction's Implementation Record contains all known existing records required by 14 CCR Section 18993.2.

14 CCR Section 18993.3. Recycled Content Paper Procurement Requirements

Finding: Compliant

The Jurisdiction provided evidence to support that printing and writing paper and paper products, including, but not limited to, toilet paper, paper towels, facial tissue, and toilet seat covers that are procured pursuant to Public Contract Code sections 22150 – 22154 meet the recycled content paper procurement requirements.

14 CCR Section 18993.4. Recordkeeping Requirements for Recycled Content Paper Procurement

Finding: Compliant

The Jurisdiction's Implementation Record contains all records required by 14 CCR Section 18993.4.

Article 12 Electronic Annual Report Findings

The Jurisdiction has a procurement target of 749 ROWP tons. In the 2024 EAR, the Jurisdiction reported procuring 490 ROWP tons.

Article 13: Reporting

14 CCR Section 18994.1. Initial Jurisdiction Compliance Report

Finding: Compliant

The Jurisdiction submitted the initial jurisdiction compliance report on time.

14 CCR Section 18994.2. Jurisdiction Annual Reporting

Finding: Compliant

The Jurisdiction submitted the EARs on time for the period reviewed for this compliance evaluation.

Article 13 Electronic Annual Report Findings

The Jurisdiction submitted the 2024 EAR on time.

Article 14: Enforcement Requirements

14 CCR Section 18995.1. Jurisdiction Inspection Requirements

Finding: Compliant

The Jurisdiction provided evidence of conducting route reviews, compliance reviews, and inspections.

14 CCR Section 18995.2. Implementation Record and Recordkeeping Requirements

Findings: Compliant

The Jurisdiction provided evidence of meeting all requirements for 14 CCR Section 18995.2.

14 CCR Section 18995.3. Jurisdiction Investigation of Complaints of Alleged Violations

Finding: Compliant

The Jurisdiction provided evidence to support the procedure that will be followed for the receipt and investigation of complaints of alleged violations and the information required to be submitted for a complaint. The Jurisdiction reported it had not received complaints, and therefore, no records of complaints or investigations were included in the Implementation Record.

14 CCR Section 18995.4. Enforcement by a Jurisdiction

The compliance evaluation for the Jurisdiction took place prior to January 1, 2024, when this requirement became effective.

Article 14 Electronic Annual Report Findings

In the 2023 EAR, the Jurisdiction reported five (5) inspections were conducted on Tier One and Tier Two commercial edible food generators. The Jurisdiction reported in the 2023 EAR that zero (0) complaints were received. This is consistent with no records of inspections or complaints being in the Jurisdiction's Implementation Record for 2023.

Article 16: Administrative Civil Penalties

14 CCR Section 18997.1. Scope

Finding: Compliant

The Jurisdiction has adopted a Mandatory Organic Waste Disposal Reduction Ordinance that includes that they will impose penalty amounts consistent with 14 CCR Section 18997.2.

Mandatory Commercial Organics Recycling (MORe)

PRC Section 42649.82

The Jurisdiction is fully implementing its Mandatory Commercial Organics Recycling program.

The Jurisdiction reported notifying and providing education to noncompliant commercial businesses. A copy of the notification was included in the Jurisdiction's Implementation Record. Both the RWMA website and the Recology Yuba/Sutter website contain information on MORe.

See SLCP Article 3 sections above for details.

MORe Electronic Annual Report Findings

In the 2023 EAR, the Jurisdiction reported 16 commercial businesses out of 64 are not recycling organics, for a compliance rate of 75 percent. In the 2023 EAR, the Jurisdiction reported that all noncompliant commercial businesses were notified of noncompliance through letters, flyers, brochures, and phone calls.

Mandatory Commercial Recycling (MCR)

PRC Section 42649.3 and 14 CCR Section 18838

The Jurisdiction is fully implementing its Mandatory Commercial Recycling program.

The Jurisdiction reported noncompliant commercial businesses are notified of noncompliance and are provided educational materials and information. A copy of the notification was included in the Jurisdiction's Implementation Record.

See SLCP Article 3 sections above for details.

MCR Electronic Annual Report Findings

In the 2023 EAR, the Jurisdiction reported that out of 41 commercial businesses required to recycle, three (3) are not recycling. This is a compliance rate of approximately 93 percent. It was reported that noncompliant commercial businesses were notified and educated on requirements.

Source Reduction Recycling Element Program (SRRE)

Residential Diversion Program

The Jurisdiction provided evidence to support the implementation of a residential diversion program. All residents receive a blue and green container at no additional charge with mandatory trash (gray) curbside container. There are seven (7) beverage container buy-back drop-off locations in the area.

The Jurisdiction reports the following organics are accepted in the green container: food waste, yard waste, food-soiled paper, and other organic materials (including but not limited to cotton balls and swabs, corks, hair, and fur). Organics may also be self-hauled to Recology Yuba/Sutter Transfer Station in Marysville.

At the January 22 – 23, 2025 field visit, JACE staff evaluated 34 green containers and observed an average contamination rate of approximately 5 percent. JACE staff observed and evaluated one (1) green container waste load, which contained approximately 10 percent prohibited container contaminants.

The Jurisdiction reports that the following materials are accepted for recycling in the blue container: paper products, plastics 1 – 7, metals, and glass.

At the January 22 – 23, 2025 field visit, JACE staff evaluated 62 blue containers and observed an average contamination rate of approximately 10 percent. JACE staff observed and evaluated one (1) blue container waste load, which contained approximately 10 percent prohibited container contaminants.

At the January 22 – 23, 2025 field visit, JACE staff evaluated 73 gray containers and observed an average contamination rate of approximately 15 percent. JACE staff observed and evaluated two (2) gray container waste loads, which contained approximately 25 percent prohibited divertible materials.

Commercial Diversion Program

The Jurisdiction provided evidence to support the implementation of a commercial diversion program.

Curbside recycling (blue container) and organics (green container) collection are

mandated by the RWMA Mandatory Organic Waste Disposal Reduction Ordinance for all commercial customers unless they self-haul or have an approved organics waiver. Recology offers free waste audits to commercial generators to help with sorting and to right-size the containers as needed. Organics may be self-hauled to Recology Yuba/Sutter Transfer Station in Marysville.

At the June 17, 2024 field visit, JACE staff evaluated three (3) green containers and observed an average contamination rate of approximately 10 percent. JACE staff also evaluated one (1) multifamily green container with approximately 5 percent contamination.

According to the Yuba/Sutter RWMA website, the following materials are accepted for recycling in the blue container: paper products, including cardboard, plastics 1-7, metals, and glass. The Yuba/Sutter RWMA website provides various locations throughout the Jurisdiction to self-haul recyclables. All common non-hazardous recyclables may be self-hauled to Recology Yuba/Sutter for recycling. Non-hazardous recyclables include materials accepted in curbside containers, as well as recyclables not accepted in curbside containers such as carpet, mattresses, scrap metals, and plastic bags.

At the June 17, 2024 field visit, JACE staff evaluated 30 blue containers and observed an average contamination rate of 20 percent. Staff also evaluated one (1) multifamily blue container with approximately 15 percent contamination.

At the June 17, 2024 field visit, JACE staff evaluated 35 gray containers and observed an average contamination rate of approximately 25 percent. JACE staff also evaluated one (1) multifamily gray container with approximately 5 percent contamination.

Construction and Demolition Debris

The Jurisdiction provided evidence to support the implementation of a construction and demolition (C&D) debris diversion program.

The Yuba/Sutter RWMA website lists drop-off locations for scrap metal, tires, and wood waste for recycling.

See SLCP Article 8 section above for more information.

Recycled Content Procurement

The Jurisdiction provided evidence to support procurement of recycled content products.

See SLCP Article 12 section above for more information.

Education and Outreach

The Jurisdiction provided evidence to support the implementation of an education and outreach program.

See SLCP Article 4 section above for more information.

Household Hazardous Waste Element Program (HHWE)

The Jurisdiction provided evidence to support the implementation of an HHWE program. Information on how to properly dispose of household hazardous waste (HHW) can be found on both the Yuba/Sutter RWMA's website and Recology Yuba/Sutter's website. The Yuba/Sutter Household Hazardous Waste Facility is in Yuba City and accepts both residential and commercial waste. Materials accepted include electronic waste, lights, batteries, oil and oil filters, sharps, paints, cleaning products, and other hazardous chemicals. The facility offers a Reuse Center to drop off and pick up products for free that are still in usable condition.

Additional Information

Attachments

1. April 3, 2023, Notification of Compliance Evaluation for the City of Live Oak
2. April 17, 2023, Request for SB 1383 Implementation Record for the City of Live Oak
3. Photo report for the City of Live Oak

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