CalRecycle

City of Yuba City
Compliance Evaluation Findings Report
#23-1619

October 1, 2026

Report Summary

California Code of Regulations, Title 14, Division 7, Chapter 12 - Short-Lived Climate Pollutants

Article 3: Organic Waste Collection Services

Compliant	Noncompliant
Section 18984.1. Three-Container Organic Waste Collection Services	None
Section 18984.4. Recordkeeping Requirements for Compliance with Organic Waste Collection Services	
Section 18984.5. Container Contamination Minimization	
Section 18984.6. Recordkeeping Requirements for Container Contamination Minimization	
Section 18984.7. Container Color Requirements	
Section 18984.8. Container Label Requirements	
Section 18984.11. Waivers Granted by a Jurisdiction	
Section 18984.14. Recordkeeping Requirements for Waivers and Exemptions	

Article 4: Education and Outreach

Compliant	Noncompliant
Section 18985.1. Organic Waste Recovery Education and Outreach	None
Section 18985.2. Edible Food Recovery Education and Outreach	
Section 18985.3. Recordkeeping Requirements for a Jurisdiction's Compliance with Education and Outreach Requirements	

Article 7: Regulation of Haulers

Compliant	Noncompliant
Section 18988.1. Jurisdiction Approval of Haulers and Self-Haulers	None
Section 18988.4. Recordkeeping Requirements for Compliance with Jurisdiction Hauler Program	

Article 8: CALGreen Building Standards and Model Water Efficient Landscape Ordinance

Compliant	Noncompliant
Section 18989.1. CALGreen Building Codes	None
Section 18989.2. Model Water Efficient Landscape Ordinance	

Article 9: Locally Adopted Standards and Policies

Compliant	Noncompliant
Section 18990.1. Organic Waste Recovery Standards and Policies	None
Section 18990.2. Edible Food Recovery Standards and Policies	

Article 10: Jurisdiction Edible Food Recovery Programs, Food Generators, and Food Recovery

Compliant	Noncompliant
Section 18991.1. Jurisdiction Edible Food Recovery Program	None
Section 18991.2. Recordkeeping Requirements for Jurisdiction Edible Food Recovery Program	

Article 11: Organic Waste Recycling Capacity Planning

Compliant	Noncompliant
Section 18992.1. Organic Waste Recycling Capacity Planning	None
Section 18992.2. Edible Food Recovery Capacity	

Article 12: Procurement of Recovered Organic Waste Products

Compliant	Noncompliant
Section 18993.1. Recovered Organic Waste Product Procurement Target	None
Section 18993.2. Recordkeeping Requirements for Recovered Organic Waste Procurement Target	
Section 18993.3. Recycled Content Paper Procurement Requirements	
Section 18993.4. Recordkeeping Requirements for Recycled Content Paper Procurement	

Article 13: Reporting

Compliant	Noncompliant
Section 18994.1. Initial Jurisdiction Compliance Report	None
Section 18994.2. Jurisdiction Annual Reporting	

Article 14: Enforcement Requirements

Compliant	Noncompliant
Section 18995.1. Jurisdiction Inspection Requirements	None
Section 18995.2. Implementation Record and Recordkeeping Requirements	
Section 18995.3. Jurisdiction Investigation of Complaints of Alleged Violations	

Article 16: Administrative Civil Penalties

Compliant	Noncompliant
Section 18997.1. Scope	None

Public Resources Code, Division 30, Part 3, Chapters 12.8 and 12.9

Mandatory Commercial Organics Recycling

The City of Yuba City is implementing a Mandatory Commercial Organics Recycling program.

Mandatory Commercial Recycling

The City of Yuba City is implementing a Mandatory Commercial Recycling program.

Public Resources Code, Division 30, Part 2

Source Reduction and Recycling Element

The City of Yuba City is implementing a Residential Diversion program, Commercial Diversion program, Construction and Demolition Debris program, Recycled Content Procurement program, and Education and Outreach program.

Household Hazardous Waste Element

The City of Yuba City is implementing a Household Hazardous Waste Element program.

Overview

Review Process

The Department of Resources Recycling and Recovery's (CalRecycle) Jurisdiction and Agency Compliance and Enforcement Branch (JACE) is required to conduct a compliance evaluation [California Public Resources Code (PRC) Section 41821(h) and Title 14 of the California Code of Regulations (14 CCR) Section 18996.1] of the City of Yuba City's (Jurisdiction) implementation of and compliance with:

- Short-Lived Climate Pollutants (SLCP) (14 CCR sections 18981.1 through 18998.4)
- Mandatory Commercial Organics Recycling (MORe) (PRC sections 42649.8 through 42649.87)
- Mandatory Commercial Recycling (MCR) (PRC sections 42649 through 42649.7 and 14 CCR sections 18835 through 18839)
- Source Reduction and Recycling Element (SRRE) (PRC sections 41000 through 41460)
- Household Hazardous Waste Element (HHWE) (PRC sections 41500 through 41516)

JACE's compliance evaluation reviewed the Jurisdiction's waste diversion program implementation, using available information from the Jurisdiction's Implementation Record, Electronic Annual Report (EAR), CalRecycle databases, and communications between CalRecycle and the Jurisdiction. The compliance evaluation included, but was not limited to:

- Communications with the Jurisdiction (phone calls, emails, and letters) to learn about the community and program implementation efforts.
- Field evaluations of the Jurisdiction's residential, commercial, edible food, and procurement programs.
- Observing and evaluating the Jurisdiction's waste, recycling, and organics loads at respective facilities.

JACE did not evaluate SLCP requirements that became effective on January 1, 2024, as the compliance evaluation was for the years prior to the date that the requirements became effective. These requirements include inspections of Tier Two commercial edible food generators [14 CCR Section 18995.1(a)(2)] and enforcement actions [14 CCR sections 18995.1(a)(5) and 18995.4].

Communication and Compliance Evaluation Timeline

The Jurisdiction was notified on April 3, 2023, by letter (Attachment 1) that a compliance evaluation would be conducted by JACE to determine the status of the Jurisdiction's implementation of programs designed to divert organics and edible food from landfills. Photographic evidence from observations on field visit is included in the Photo Report (Attachment 3).

- On April 17, 2023, JACE sent a letter (Attachment 2) to request access to the Jurisdiction's Implementation Record by May 1, 2023.
- On April 27, 2023, JACE staff accessed the Implementation Record.
- On January 19, 2024, January 22, 2025, and January 23, 2025, JACE staff conducted field visits. JACE staff observed residential containers in the neighborhoods on South Walton Avenue west of Highway 99 and in the neighborhoods on Garden Highway east of Highway 99. JACE staff also observed commercial containers at businesses along Highway 99 and both north and south of Highway 20. JACE staff also observed residential and commercial waste loads from gray, blue, and green containers.
- On May 29, 2026, JACE staff sent the draft Compliance Evaluation Findings Report to the Jurisdiction.
- On June 18, 2026, and July 13, 2026, the Jurisdiction provided additional information regarding program implementation.
- Additional communications and other interactions that took place with the Jurisdiction throughout the compliance evaluation, which included phone calls, email messages, and meetings.

Existing Jurisdiction Conditions

The City of Yuba City is in Sutter County. According to the 2020 U.S. Census Bureau, the Jurisdiction encompasses 14.98 square miles. The Jurisdiction has an estimated population of 70,453 (California Department of Finance, 2025).

Per PRC section 40970 et seq., cities and counties are authorized to form "regional agencies." Regional agencies are allowed to report program information and disposal numbers as one entity instead of by jurisdiction.

The City of Yuba City is a member of the Yuba/Sutter Regional Waste Management Authority (RWMA), which was formed in 1995. In 1995, a regional agency agreement was adopted to form the RWMA to address the reporting requirements of the Integrated Waste Management Act. The RWMA includes the following jurisdictions:

- City of Live Oak
- City of Marysville
- Sutter – Unincorporated
- City of Wheatland
- City of Yuba City
- Yuba – Unincorporated

According to the RWMA's base year history (2004), 21 percent of the RWMA's total waste generation is from the residential waste stream and 79 percent from the non-residential waste stream.

Summary of Jurisdiction's Solid Waste Infrastructure and Materials Flow

The RWMA website, Recology Yuba/Sutter website, Jurisdiction interviews, and the Jurisdiction's Implementation Record were used to determine that the Jurisdiction has one (1) approved hauler, Recology Yuba/Sutter. The hauler collects gray, blue, and green container waste for all residential and commercial generators.

Materials collected in the Jurisdiction are first taken to one of two facilities:

1. Recology Yuba/Sutter Transfer Station & Material Recovery Facility (MRF)
2. Recology Ostrom Road Landfill and Recology Organics (composting facility)

Gray container waste picked up by the hauler is taken to Recology Ostrom Road Landfill.

Blue container waste picked up by the hauler is taken to Recology Yuba/Sutter Transfer Station & MRF.

Green container waste picked up by the hauler is taken to Recology Organics (composting facility).

Residents and commercial generators may self-haul materials for recycling and disposal. Self-haulers may drop off all material types at Recology Yuba/Sutter Transfer Station and MRF where the materials are sorted and transported for recycling, composting, or landfilling.

The Jurisdiction does not provide mixed waste organic collection and reported that it does not use a High Diversion Organic Waste Processing Facility (HDOWPF).

Short-Lived Climate Pollutants (SLCP) Regulation Evaluation

General Provisions

14 CCR Section 18981.2. Implementation Requirement on Jurisdictions

See Table 1 below for specific information on ordinances, enforceable mechanisms, and other requirements.

Table 1

Program Requirements	Findings

Adopted enforceable ordinance(s) or mechanism(s) to mandate compliance with SLCP requirements. [18981.2(a)]	See details in the Articles below regarding enforceable ordinances or mechanisms to mandate compliance with SLCP requirements.
Designations of responsibilities made through contracts or agreements. [18981.2(b)]	The Jurisdiction provided evidence demonstrating that responsibilities are designated through contracts and agreements.
Civil penalties not designated to a private entity. [18981.2(d)]	The Jurisdiction provided evidence demonstrating that civil penalties are not designated to a private entity.
Copies of designee agreements and contracts included in the Implementation Record. [18981.2(e)]	The Jurisdiction provided evidence of designee agreements and contracts.

Article 3: Organic Waste Collection Services

14 CCR Section 18984.1. Three-Container Organic Waste Collection Services

Finding: Compliant

The Jurisdiction has adopted an ordinance requiring compliance with Article 3 and has fully implemented a residential and commercial three-container collection service. The Jurisdiction reported that out of 1,240 total commercial customers, 781 have organics waivers, 108 are undergoing enforcement by the Jurisdiction, and the remaining commercial customers have both organic and recycling collection services. The Jurisdiction reported that when commercial organic waste generator noncompliance is identified, the generator is issued a noncompliance letter and required collection containers.

JACE staff confirmed during a field visit that a three-container collection service was provided for residential generators.

14 CCR Section 18984.4. Recordkeeping Requirements for Compliance with Organic Waste Collection Services

Finding: Compliant

The Jurisdiction's Implementation Record contains all records required by 14 CCR Section 18984.4.

14 CCR Section 18984.5. Container Contamination Minimization

Finding: Compliant

The Jurisdiction provided evidence demonstrating compliance with 14 CCR Section 18984.5.

The Jurisdiction reported conducting route reviews for all hauler routes. Recology Yuba/Sutter uses “Oops” tags and sends a notification letter to the generator explaining the identified container contamination.

14 CCR Section 18984.6. Recordkeeping Requirements for Container Contamination Minimization

Finding: Compliant

The Jurisdiction’s Implementation Record contains all records required by 14 CCR Section 18984.6.

14 CCR Section 18984.7. Container Color Requirements

Finding: Compliant

The Jurisdiction provides new containers that meet the container color requirements. JACE staff observed new containers distributed to generators that meet the color container requirements.

14 CCR Section 18984.8. Container Labeling Requirements

Finding: Compliant

The Jurisdiction provides new containers that meet the container labeling requirements. JACE staff observed new containers distributed to generators that meet the container labeling requirements.

14 CCR Section 18984.11. Waivers Granted by a Jurisdiction

Finding: Compliant

The Jurisdiction’s Implementation Record contains a written description of how waivers will be issued and validated.

The Jurisdiction provided evidence that 781 de minimis waivers were issued and zero (0) physical space waivers were issued.

14 CCR Section 18984.13. Emergency Circumstances, Abatement, Quarantined Materials and Federally Regulated Waste

Finding: Not Applicable

The Jurisdiction has not reported issuing emergency processing facility temporary

equipment or operational failure waivers. The Jurisdiction has also not reported sediment debris disposal, homeless encampment or illegal disposal cleanup, or quarantined organic waste that was disposed of, which would require documentation.

14 CCR Section 18984.14. Recordkeeping Requirements for Waivers and Exemptions

Finding: Compliant

The Jurisdiction's Implementation Record contains all records required by 14 CCR Section 18984.14.

Article 3 Electronic Annual Report Findings

The Jurisdiction reported in its 2023 EAR that a three-container collection service is provided to residential and commercial generators. The Jurisdiction reported zero (0) route reviews as being conducted but evidence was found in the Jurisdiction's Implementation Record of route reviews being conducted. The Jurisdiction reported that 560 de minimis waivers were issued.

Article 4: Education and Outreach

14 CCR Section 18985.1. Organic Waste Recovery Education and Outreach

Finding: Compliant

The Jurisdiction has provided evidence demonstrating compliance with organic waste recovery education and outreach requirements.

14 CCR Section 18985.2. Edible Food Recovery Education and Outreach

Finding: Compliant

The Jurisdiction provided evidence demonstrating compliance with edible food recovery education and outreach requirements.

14 CCR Section 18985.3. Recordkeeping Requirements for a Jurisdiction's Compliance with Education and Outreach Requirements

Finding: Compliant

The Jurisdiction's Implementation Record contains all records required by 14 CCR Section 18985.3.

Article 4 Electronic Annual Report Findings

The Jurisdiction reported in its 2023 EAR that 18,862 generators received printed SLCP

educational material, 18,862 generators received electronic SLCP educational material, and 320 generators received SLCP educational material via direct contact. Additionally, it was reported that 55 commercial edible food generators received printed and electronic educational materials.

Article 7: Regulation of Haulers

14 CCR Section 18988.1. Jurisdiction Approval of Haulers and Self-Haulers

Finding: Compliant

The Jurisdiction provided the franchise agreement with Recology Yuba-Sutter that meets the requirements of 14 CCR Section 18988.1(a). The Jurisdiction's Implementation Record also contains a copy of the RWMA Mandatory Organic Waste Disposal Reduction Ordinance, which outlines the requirements for hauling and self-hauling.

14 CCR Section 18988.4. Recordkeeping Requirements for Compliance with Jurisdiction Hauler Program

Finding: Compliant

The Jurisdiction's Implementation Record contains all records required by 14 CCR Section 18988.4.

Article 7 Electronic Annual Report Findings

The Jurisdiction reported in its 2023 EAR that one (1) hauler is approved to collect organic waste.

Article 8: CALGreen Building Standards and Model Water Efficient Landscape Ordinance

14 CCR Section 18989.1. CALGreen Building Codes

Finding: Compliant

A CALGreen ordinance was adopted and provided by the Jurisdiction.

14 CCR Section 18989.2. Model Water Efficient Landscape Ordinance

Finding: Compliant

A Model Water Efficient Landscape Ordinance (MWELO) was adopted and provided by the Jurisdiction.

Article 8 Electronic Annual Report Findings

The Jurisdiction reported in its 2023 EAR that there were 77 CALGreen activities and 43 MWELO projects.

Article 9: Locally Adopted Standards and Policies

14 CCR Section 18990.1. Organic Waste Recovery Standards and Policies

Finding: Compliant

No ordinance, policy, procedure, permit condition, or initiative that includes provisions listed in 14 CCR Section 18990.1(b)(1) – (5) were discovered during the evaluation.

14 CCR Section 18990.2. Edible Food Recovery Standards and Policies

Finding: Compliant

No ordinance, policy, or procedure that prohibits the ability of a generator, food recovery organization, or food recovery service to recover edible food that could be recovered for human consumption were discovered during the evaluation.

Article 10: Jurisdiction Edible Food Recovery Programs, Food Generators, and Food Recovery

14 CCR Section 18991.1. Jurisdiction Edible Food Recovery Program

Finding: Compliant

The Jurisdiction provided evidence supporting that an edible food recovery ordinance has been adopted and a program is being implemented.

14 CCR Section 18991.2. Recordkeeping Requirements for Jurisdiction Edible Food Recovery Program

Finding: Compliant

The Jurisdiction's Implementation Record contains all records required by 14 CCR Section 18991.2.

Article 10 Electronic Annual Report Findings

The Jurisdiction reported in its 2023 EAR that the Jurisdiction contains 52 commercial edible food generators. The Jurisdiction reported having one (1) food recovery organization located in the Jurisdiction.

Article 11: Organic Waste Recycling Capacity Planning

14 CCR Section 18992.1. Organic Waste Recycling Capacity Planning

Finding: Compliant

The Jurisdiction is part of Yuba and Sutter counties' organic waste recycling capacity planning and was not identified as needing to submit an implementation schedule. For the 2022 – 2024 capacity planning cycle, Yuba and Sutter counties coordinated on capacity planning and reporting.

14 CCR Section 18992.2. Edible Food Recovery Capacity

Finding: Compliant

The Jurisdiction is part of Yuba and Sutter counties' edible food recovery capacity planning and was not identified as needing to submit an implementation schedule. For the 2022 – 2024 capacity planning cycle, Yuba and Sutter counties coordinated on capacity planning and reporting.

14 CCR Section 18992.3. Schedule for Reporting

Finding: Not Applicable

The Jurisdiction was not identified as needing to submit an implementation schedule.

Article 11 County Capacity Planning Report

The Jurisdiction was not identified in Yuba and Sutter counties' joint 2022 - 2024 Capacity Planning report as needing to submit an implementation schedule to CalRecycle.

Article 12: Procurement of Recovered Organic Waste Products

14 CCR Section 18993.1. Recovered Organic Waste Product Procurement Target

Finding: Compliant

The Jurisdiction met its Recovered Organic Waste Product (ROWP) procurement target. The Jurisdiction has a procurement target of 5,662 ROWP tons. The Jurisdiction provided evidence of procuring 5,668 ROWP tons in 2025.

14 CCR Section 18993.2. Recordkeeping Requirements for Recovered Organic Waste Procurement Target

Finding: Compliant

The Jurisdiction's Implementation Record contains all records required by 14 CCR Section 18993.2.

14 CCR Section 18993.3. Recycled Content Paper Procurement Requirements

Finding: Compliant

The Jurisdiction provided evidence to support that paper products procured meet the recycled content paper procurement requirements.

14 CCR Section 18993.4. Recordkeeping Requirements for Recycled Content Paper Procurement

Finding: Compliant

The Jurisdiction's Implementation Record contains all records required by 14 CCR Section 18993.4.

Article 12 Electronic Annual Report Findings

The Jurisdiction has a procurement target of 5,662 ROWP tons. In its 2023 EAR, the Jurisdiction reported procuring 408.97 ROWP tons. The Jurisdiction since provided updated information that meets requirements, as explained above.

Article 13: Reporting

14 CCR Section 18994.1. Initial Jurisdiction Compliance Report

Finding: Compliant

The Jurisdiction submitted the initial jurisdiction compliance report on time.

14 CCR Section 18994.2. Jurisdiction Annual Reporting

Finding: Compliant

The Jurisdiction submitted the EARs on time for the period reviewed for this compliance evaluation.

Article 13 Electronic Annual Report Findings

The Jurisdiction submitted the 2023 EAR on time.

Article 14: Enforcement Requirements

14 CCR Section 18995.1. Jurisdiction Inspection Requirements

Finding: Compliant

The Jurisdiction provided evidence that it met the requirements of 14 CCR Section 18995.1.

14 CCR Section 18995.2. Implementation Record and Recordkeeping Requirements

Findings: Compliant

The Jurisdiction provided evidence that it met the requirements of 14 CCR Section 18995.2.

14 CCR Section 18995.3. Jurisdiction Investigation of Complaints of Alleged Violations

Finding: Compliant

The Jurisdiction provided a compliant process to investigate complaints of alleged violations. The Jurisdiction reported receiving zero (0) complaints, and therefore, no documentation of complaints is included in the Implementation Record.

14 CCR Section 18995.4. Enforcement by a Jurisdiction

The compliance evaluation for the Jurisdiction took place prior to January 1, 2024, when this requirement became effective.

Article 14 Electronic Annual Report Findings

The Jurisdiction reported in its 2023 EAR that 55 inspections were conducted on Tier One and Tier Two commercial edible food generators and one (1) inspection was conducted on a food recovery organization. The Jurisdiction reported in its 2023 EAR that that zero (0) complaints were received.

Article 16: Administrative Civil Penalties

14 CCR Section 18997.1. Scope

Finding: Compliant

The Jurisdiction has adopted a Mandatory Organic Waste Disposal Reduction Ordinance that includes that it will impose penalties with amounts consistent with 14 CCR Section 18997.2.

Mandatory Commercial Organics Recycling (MORe)

PRC Section 42649.82

The Jurisdiction is implementing a Mandatory Commercial Organics Recycling program.

The Jurisdiction reported notifying and providing education to noncompliant commercial businesses. Both the RWMA website and the Recology Yuba/Sutter website contain information on MORe.

See SLCP Article 3 sections above for details.

MORe Electronic Annual Report Findings

The Jurisdiction reported in its 2023 EAR that 170 commercial businesses out of 875 are not recycling organics, for a compliance rate of 80 percent. In its 2023 EAR, the Jurisdiction stated that all noncompliant commercial businesses were notified of noncompliance through letters, flyers, brochures, and phone calls.

Mandatory Commercial Recycling (MCR)

PRC Section 42649.3 and 14 CCR Section 18838

The Jurisdiction is implementing a Mandatory Commercial Recycling program.

The Jurisdiction reported notifying and providing education to noncompliant commercial businesses. Both the RWMA website and the Recology Yuba/Sutter website contain information on MCR.

See SLCP Article 3 section above for more information.

MCR Electronic Annual Report Findings

The Jurisdiction reported in its 2023 EAR that out of 600 commercial businesses required to recycle, 75 are not recycling. This is a compliance rate of approximately 88 percent. It was reported that noncompliant commercial businesses were notified and educated on requirements.

Source Reduction Recycling Element Program (SRRE)

Residential Diversion Program

The Jurisdiction provided evidence to support the implementation of a residential diversion program. All residents receive a blue and green container at no additional charge as part of the mandatory trash (gray) curbside collection service. There are seven (7) beverage container buy-back drop-off locations in the area.

The Jurisdiction reports the following organics are accepted in the green container: food waste, yard waste, food-soiled paper, and other organic materials (including but not limited to cotton balls and swabs, corks, hair, and fur). Organics may also be self-hauled to Recology Yuba/Sutter Transfer Station in Marysville.

The Jurisdiction reports that the following materials are accepted for recycling in the blue container: paper products, plastics 1-7, metals, and glass.

At the January 22 – 23, 2025 field visit, JACE staff evaluated 27 green containers and observed an average contamination rate of approximately 5 percent. JACE staff also observed a residential green container waste load, which contained approximately 10 percent prohibited container contaminants.

At the January 22 – 23, 2025 field visit, JACE staff evaluated 38 blue containers and observed an average contamination rate of approximately 5 percent. JACE staff also observed a residential blue container waste load, which contained approximately 10 percent prohibited container contaminants.

At the January 22 – 23, 2025 field visit, JACE staff evaluated 52 gray containers and observed an average of 20 percent of divertible materials. JACE staff also observed a residential gray container waste load, which contained approximately 20 percent divertible materials.

Commercial Diversion Program

The Jurisdiction provided evidence to support the implementation of a commercial diversion program.

Curbside recycling and organics collection are mandated by the Regional Waste

Management Authority Mandatory Organic Waste Disposal Reduction Ordinance for all commercial generators unless they self-haul or have an approved organics waiver. Commercial generators pay for recycling (blue container) and organics (green container) services. Recology offers free waste audits to commercial generators to help with sorting and to right-size the containers as needed. Organics may also be self-hauled to Recology Yuba/Sutter Transfer Station.

According to the Yuba/Sutter RWMA website, the following materials are accepted for recycling in the blue container: paper products, including cardboard, plastics 1-7, metals, and glass. The Yuba/Sutter RWMA website provides various locations throughout the Jurisdiction to self-haul recyclables. All common non-hazardous recyclables may be self-hauled to Recology Yuba/Sutter for recycling. Non-hazardous recyclables include materials accepted in curbside containers, as well as recyclables not accepted in curbside containers such as carpet, mattresses, scrap metals, and plastic bags.

At the January 19, 2024 field visit, JACE staff evaluated nine (9) green containers and observed an average contamination rate of approximately 10 percent. JACE staff evaluated 44 blue containers and observed an average contamination rate of approximately 10 percent. JACE staff evaluated 72 gray containers and observed an average contamination rate of approximately 30 percent.

At the January 22 – 23, 2025 field visit, JACE staff observed one (1) commercial green container waste load containing approximately 10 percent prohibited container contaminants, one (1) blue container waste load containing approximately 10 percent prohibited container contaminants, and one (1) gray container waste load containing approximately 20 percent divertible materials.

Construction and Demolition Debris

The Jurisdiction provided evidence to support the implementation of a construction and demolition (C&D) debris diversion program.

The Yuba/Sutter RWMA website lists drop-off locations for scrap metal, tires, and wood waste for recycling.

Recycled Content Procurement

The Jurisdiction provided evidence to support the implementation of a recycled content procurement program.

See SLCP Article 12 section above for more information.

Education and Outreach

The Jurisdiction provided evidence to support the implementation of an education and outreach program.

See SLCP Article 4 section above for more information.

Household Hazardous Waste Element Program (HHWE)

The Jurisdiction provided evidence to support the implementation of an HHWE program. Information on how to properly dispose of household hazardous waste (HHW) can be found on both the Yuba/Sutter RWMA's website and Recology Yuba/Sutter's website. The Yuba/Sutter Household Hazardous Waste Facility is in Yuba City and accepts both residential and commercial waste. Materials accepted include electronic waste, lights, batteries, oil and oil filters, sharps, paints, cleaning products, and other hazardous chemicals. The facility offers a Reuse Center to drop off and pick up products for free that are still in usable condition.

Additional Information

Attachments

1. April 3, 2023, Notification of Compliance Evaluation for the City of Yuba City
2. April 17, 2023, Request for SB 1383 Implementation Record for the City of Yuba City
3. Photo report for the City of Yuba City

JACE Staff responsible for item preparation

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